



**Vaccinate
YOUR DOG AND CAT**

**— Beware —
Rabies kills!**

**THIS ADVICE CAN SAVE
YOUR LIFE!**

— ENGLISH —



**agriculture,
forestry & fisheries**

Department:
Agriculture, Forestry and Fisheries
REPUBLIC OF SOUTH AFRICA

What is rabies?

Rabies is a disease that affects the brain and leads to the death of the person or animal involved.

Symptoms vary widely and may include:

- Behavioural changes
- Aggression
- Salivation
- Paralysis.

**RABIES AFFECTS ALL
ANIMALS!**

Spreading of the disease

The virus occurs in great numbers in the saliva of rabid animals.

**CONTACT YOUR VET OR
ANIMAL HEALTH
TECHNICIAN**

How to control rabies

- Vaccination is the only protection.
- **Vaccinate** your dogs and cats. Encourage other people to have their pets vaccinated too.
- Do not allow your pet to roam the streets.

- Report all suspect cases to your nearest state veterinarian, animal health technician or to the police.

**NEVER TOUCH OR CARESS
A STRANGE, INJURED
ANIMAL OR ONE WHICH
APPEARS TO BE SICK!**

If you get bitten

- Thoroughly disinfect the wound.
- Immediately consult a medical doctor or clinic.
- Contact your nearest state veterinarian or animal health technician.

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Tlhabela NTŠA LE KATSE YA GAGO

— Tlhokomela — Botsenwa-ntša bo a bolaya!

**KGAKOLOLO E E KA
BOLOKA BOTSEHO
JWA GAGO!**

— SETSWANA —



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Botsenwa-ntša ke eng?

Botsenwa-ntša ke bolwetse jo bo amang tihaloganyo mme bo feleetse bo bolaya motho kgotsa phologolo e e amegang.

Matshwao a farologana thata mme a akaretsa:

- Go fetoga ga maitsholo (bogale/bonolo)
- Go galefa
- Go tsurutla ga mathe
- Go repetlana ga mmele.

BOTSENWA-NTŠA BO AMA DIPHOGOLO TSOTLHE!

Bolwetse bo anama jang?

Kokwanatlhoko e, e fitlhelwa ka bontsi mo matheng a phologolo e e amegileng mme e bo fitsetse, ka mathe ko go tse di itekanetseng.

IKGOLAGANYE LE NGAKA YA DIPHOLOGOLO KGOTSA ANIMAL HEALTH TECHNICIAN

Thibelo ya botsenwa-ntša

- Go tlhabela ke gone fela go sireletsang.
- **Tlhabela dintša le dikatse.** Rotloetsa baagisanyi ba gago go tlhabela diphologolo tsa bona.
- Se letlelele diphologolo tsa gago go tsamaya kana go ebela mo mebileng.

- Bega sengwe le sengwe se o se belaelang ko ngakeng ya diphologolo e e gaufi le wena kgotsa mapodisa.

SE TSHWARE KGOTSA WA TSHAMEKA KA PHOLOGOLO E O SA E ITSENG, E E GOBETSENG KGOTSA E E LEBEGANG E LWALA!

Ga o ka lomiwa ke ntša

- Tlhapisa ntho ka dibolai tsa dikokwanatlhoko. (Dettol kana Savlon)
- E ya ko ngakeng kgotsa kliniking ka bonako.
- Ikgolaganye le ngaka ya diphologolo e e gaufi le wena.

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